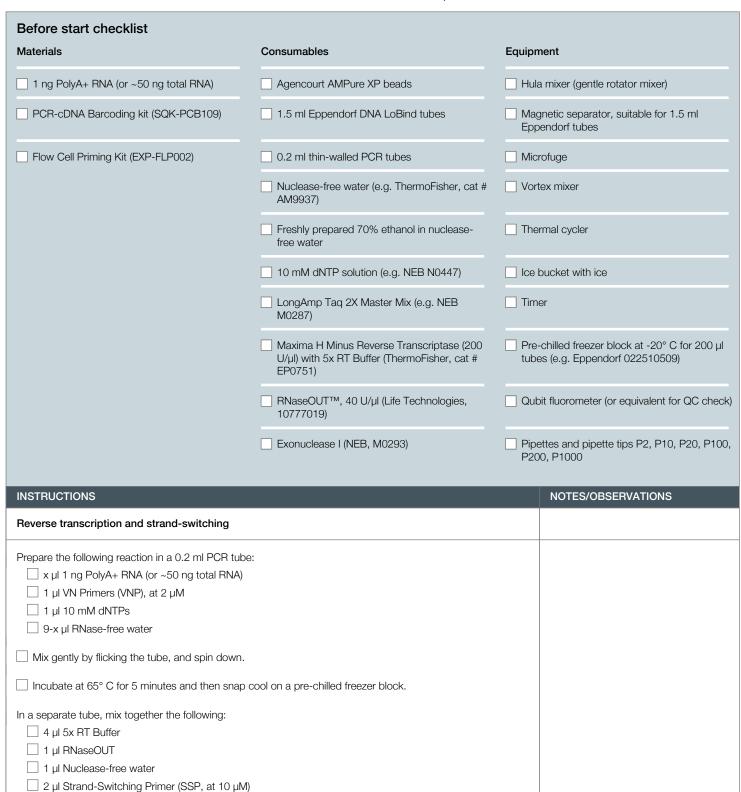
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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Add the strand-switching buffer to the snap-cooled, annealed mRNA, mix by flicking the tube and spin down.	
☐ Incubate at 42° C for 2 minutes.	
\Box Add 1 μl of Maxima H Minus Reverse Transcriptase. The total volume is now 20 $\mu l.$	
☐ Mix gently by flicking the tube, and spin down.	
Incubate using the following protocol: Reverse transcription and strand-switching 90 mins @ 42° C (1 cycle) Heat inactivation 5 mins @ 85° C (1 cycle) Hold @ 4° C	
Selecting for full-length transcripts by PCR and barcoding samples	
The PCR steps outlined below adds barcodes to each reverse transcribed RNA (cDNA) sample. The Barcode Primers provided in the PCR-cDNA Barcoding kit (SQK-PCB109) are used to barcode/multiplex up to 12 individual samples on a single flow cell.	
 IMPORTANT Each PCR reaction uses 5 μl of reverse transcribed RNA sample (out of a total of 20 μl). Therefore, sufficient material is available to perform up to four PCR reactions per sample. Do NOT, however, use all 20 μl of reverse transcribed RNA (cDNA) in a single PCR reaction. 	
IMPORTANT This kit enables multiplexing of up to 12 samples. The default method allows you to perform one 50 µl PCR reaction per sample. If multiplexing two or three samples, however, two separate PCR reactions per sample should be performed; if running just one sample, four separate PCR reactions should be performed. These recommendations aim to ensure that enough PCR product is generated for optimal flow cell performance.	
It is recommended that any remaining reverse transcription reaction is retained to allow for further PCR reactions if greater yield is required.	
For each sample (up to 12), prepare the following reaction at RT: 5 µl Reverse-transcribed RNA sample 1.5 µl Barcode Primers (BP01-BP12) 18.5 µl Nuclease-free water 25 µl 2x LongAmp Taq Master Mix Amplify using the following cycling conditions: Initial denaturation 30 secs @ 95° C (1 cycle)	
 Initial denaturation 30 secs @ 95° C (1 cycle) Denaturation 15 secs @ 95° C (11-18* cycles) Annealing 15 secs @ 62° C (11-18* cycles) Extension 50 secs per kb @ 65° C (11-18* cycles) Final extension 6 mins @ 65° C (1 cycle) Hold @ 4° C 	
Add 1 µl of NEB Exonuclease 1 directly to each PCR tube. Mix by pipetting.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
\Box Incubate the reaction at 37° C for 15 min, followed by 80° C for 15 minutes.	
Pool any PCR reactions containing the same barcoded sample in a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Resuspend the AMPure XP beads by vortexing.	
\Box Add 0.8X equivalents of resuspended AMPure XP beads to the reaction and mix by pipetting.	
Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at RT.	
\square Prepare 500 µl of fresh 70% ethanol in Nuclease-free water.	
Spin down the sample and pellet on a magnet. Keep the tube on the magnet, and pipette off the supernatant.	
☐ Keep the tube on the magnet and wash the beads with 200 µl of freshly prepared 70% ethanol without disturbing the pellet. Remove the ethanol using a pipette and discard.	
Repeat the previous step.	
Spin down and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual 70% ethanol. Briefly allow to dry.	
\square Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend pellet in 12 µl of Elution Buffer (EB).	
Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 10 minutes at RT.	
Pellet beads on magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless.	
Remove and retain 12 μ l of eluate which contains the DNA library in a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Dispose of the pelleted beads	
$\hfill \square$ Analyse 1 μI of the amplified DNA for size, quantity and quality.	
IMPORTANT	
Sometimes a high-molecular weight product is visible in the wells of the gel when the PCR products are run, instead of the expected smear. These libraries are typically associated with poor sequencing performance. We have found that repeating the PCR with fewer cycles can remedy this.	
In a 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube, pool together a total of 100 fmol of the amplified cDNA barcoded samples to a final volume of 11 µl in Elution Buffer (EB).	
Please check the Mass to Molarity table in the protocol	
Adapter addition	
Add 1 µl of Rapid Adapter (RAP) to the amplified cDNA library.	
Mix by pipetting and spin down.	
☐ Incubate the reaction for 5 minutes at RT.	
Spin down briefly.	

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DNA Samples:

INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
The prepared library is used for loading onto the flow cell. Store the library on ice until ready to load.	
Priming and loading the SpotON flow cell	
IMPORTANT	
Please note that the Sequencing Tether (SQT) tube will NOT be used in this protocol. It is provided in the kit for potential future product compatibility.	
Thaw the Sequencing Buffer (SQB), Loading Beads (LB), Flush Tether (FLT) and one tube of Flush Buffer (FB) at RT.	
Mix the Sequencing Buffer (SQB), Flush Tether (FLT) and Flush Buffer (FB) tubes by vortexing and spin down at RT.	
Open the MinION Mk1B lid and slide the flow cell under the clip.	
Slide the priming port cover clockwise to open the priming port.	
IMPORTANT	
Take care when drawing back buffer from the flow cell. Do not remove more than 20-30 µl, and make sure that the array of pores are covered by buffer at all times. Introducing air bubbles into the array can irreversibly damage pores.	
After opening the priming port, check for a small air bubble under the cover. Draw back a small volume to remove any bubbles (a few µl):	
Set a P1000 pipette to 200 μl	
Insert the tip into the priming port	
☐ Turn the wheel until the dial shows 220-230 µl, or until you can see a small volume of buffer entering the pipette tip	
Prepare the flow cell priming mix: add 30 µl of thawed and mixed Flush Tether (FLT) directly to the tube of thawed and mixed Flush Buffer (FB), and mix by vortexing.	
Load 800 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell via the priming port, avoiding the introduction of air bubbles. Wait for 5 minutes. During this time, prepare the library for loading by following the steps below.	
☐ Thoroughly mix the contents of the Loading Beads (LB) by pipetting.	
IMPORTANT	
The Loading Beads (LB) tube contains a suspension of beads. These beads settle very quickly. It is vital that they are mixed immediately before use.	
In a new tube, prepare the library for loading as follows:	
□ 37.5 µl Sequencing Buffer (SQB)	
25.5 µl Loading Beads (LB), mixed immediately before use	
☐ 12 µl DNA library	
Complete the flow cell priming:	
Gently lift the SpotON sample port cover to make the SpotON sample port accessible.	
Load 200 μl of the priming mix into the flow cell via the priming port (not the SpotON sample port), avoiding the introduction of air bubbles.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
☐ Mix the prepared library gently by pipetting up and down just prior to loading.	
Add 75 µl of sample to the flow cell via the SpotON sample port in a dropwise fashion. Ensure each drop flows into the port before adding the next.	
Gently replace the SpotON sample port cover, making sure the bung enters the SpotON port, close the priming port and replace the MinION Mk1B lid.	
Ending the experiment	
After your sequencing experiment is complete, if you would like to reuse the flow cell, please follow the Wash Kit instructions and store the washed flow cell at 2-8°C, OR	
□ Follow the returns procedure by washing out the flow cell ready to send back to Oxford Nanopore.	
IMPORTANT	
If you encounter issues or have questions about your sequencing experiment, please refer to the Troubleshooting Guide that can be found in the online version of this protocol.	



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